#### BỘ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO

ĐỀ THI CHÍNH THỰC (Đề thi có 06 trang)

# KỲ THI TRUNG HỌC PHÓ THÔNG QUỐC GIA NĂM 2017 Bài thi: NGOẠI NGỮ; Môn thi: TIẾNG ANH Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút, không kể thời gian phát đề

Họ, tên thí sinh:		789	Mã đề thi 405
Số báo danh:			
W. L. J. L. D. G.			
Mark the letter A, B, C, o	•		_
differs from the other thre			
Question 1. A. think			D. find
Question 2. A. watched	B. cleaned	C. missed	D. talked
Mark the letter A, B, C, or			at differs from the other
three in the position of pri	imary stress in each of t	the following questions.	
Question 3. A. effective	<b>B</b> . national	C. popular	D. difficult
Question 4. A. reply	B. answer	C. future	D. singer
Mark the letter A, B, C, o	r D on your answer she	eet to indicate the correc	et answer to each of the
following questions.			
Question 5. We were	by the spectacular so	cenery of the countryside	
A. bewildered	B. preoccupied	C. overwhelmed	D. overjoyed
Question 6. Lanle	earning English a few ye	ears ago.	
A. is starting	B. started	C. starts	D. will start
Question 7. The water	in the area has resu	alted in poor crop product	tion.
A. deficiency	B. lack	C. shortage	D. absence
Question 8. The boy	sits in front of me in	the class studies very ha	rd.
A. when	B. which	C. who	D. where
Question 9. We moved to	the countryside because	we wanted to be close to	o nature.
A. an	B. Ø	C. the	D. a
Question 10. The larger th	ne area of forest is destro	yed,	
A. the most frequent nat	ural disasters are	B. the more frequent ar	e natural disasters
C. the more frequently n	atural disasters occur	D. the most frequently	natural disasters occur
Question 11. I will phone	Vivian to her to	buy some sugar; otherw	rise, she will forget.
A. allow	B. remind	C. encourage	D. advise
Question 12. All students	hand in their as	signments by Friday at th	ne latest.
A. must	B. may	C. ought	D. might
Question 13. I met a	girl at my friend's bi	rthday party last Sunday.	
A. tall American pretty	B. tall pretty American	C. pretty American tall	D. pretty tall American
Question 14. In Vietnam,	children begin their prin	nary at the age o	f six.
A. educational	B. educate	C. educationally	D. education
Question 15. The company	management decided to _	more workers to me	et the production schedule.
A. take on	B. take over	C. make up	D. make out
Question 16. Could you _	me a hand with t	he washing-up, Kent?	
A. give	B. shake	C. hold	D. join

Mark the letter A, B, C, or	D on your answer shee	et to indicate the word(s	OPPOSITE in meaning
to the underlined word(s)	in each of the followin	g questions.	
Question 17. I'm sure he	will <b>be home and dry</b> in	the interview because l	he has good qualifications
and wide experience.			
A. be unsatisfied	B. be successful	C. be unsuccessful	D. be satisfied
Question 18. Many peopl	e feel nervous when the	y first make a speech ir	n public.
A. fearful	B. confident	C. impressed	D. upset
Mark the letter A, B, C, o			(s) CLOSEST in meaning
to the underlined word(s)			rot regression
Question 19. There werer			
A. simple	B. interesting	C. difficult	D. important
Question 20. Tim and To			
A. strange	B. familiar	C. different	<b>D</b> . alike
Mark the letter A, B, C,	or D on your answer	sheet to indicate the n	nost suitable response to
complete each of the follo	owing exchanges.		
Question 21. Mary and Jo	ohn are meeting at the ci	nema.	
Mary: "Hi, John. Ho	w are you?"		
John: " . And			
A. I'm thirty-five years	•	B. Fine, thanks	
C. I'm not working toda		D. I'm free today	
Question 22. Mrs Smith a	•		
	e gorilla, Mrs Smith?"		
	. The sign says 'No feed	ing the animals'."	
A. I'm sure about that		B. Of course you can	
C. I don't think it works		D. I'm afraid not	
Mark the letter A, B, C,	or D on your answer	sheet to indicate the u	nderlined part that needs
correction in each of the			
Question 23. A number of	of wildlife habitat reserv	es have been established	d in order to saving
A		В	C
endangered species from	extinction.		
D			
Question 24. She always	try to finish her homew	ork before going to bed	
	A B	C D	
Question 25. Children les	arn primarily by directly	experiencing the world	d around it.
	A	В С	D
Mark the letter A. B. C.	or D on vour answer	sheet to indicate the s	sentence that is closest in
meaning to each of the fe			
Question 26. He was suc		nks to his parents' suppo	ort.
	support, he wouldn't be		
	supported him, he would		
	support, he would have		
	- FF ,		

D. Had it not been for his parents' support, he wouldn't be successful in his career.

Question 27. I haven't visited my hometown for a few years.

- A. I have been in my hometown for a few years.
- B. I was in my hometown for a few years.
- C. I didn't visit my hometown a few years ago.
- **D**. I last visited my hometown a few years ago.

Question 28. "Why don't we go camping at the weekend?" he said.

- A. He objected to going camping at the weekend.
- B. He suggested going camping at the weekend.
- C. He denied going camping at the weekend.
- D. He apologized for going camping at the weekend.

### Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.

Question 29. We cannot completely avoid stress in our lives. We need to find ways to cope with it.

- A. Because stress can completely be avoided in our lives, we need to find ways to cope with it.
- B. As long as we can completely avoid stress in our lives, we need to find ways to cope with it.
- C. After we can completely avoid stress in our lives, we need to find ways to cope with it.
- D. Since we cannot completely avoid stress in our lives, we need to find ways to cope with it.

Question 30. Mai usually helps her classmates with their studies. Her classmates appreciate her.

- A. Mai usually helps her classmates with their studies, so they appreciate her.
- B. Mai usually helps her classmates with their studies, but they appreciate her.
- C. Mai usually helps her classmates with their studies, for they appreciate her.
- D. Mai usually helps her classmates with their studies, or they appreciate her.

### Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 31 to 35.

Graphic novels, as the name suggests, are books written and illustrated in the style of a comic book. Adults may feel that graphic novels do not help children become good readers. They believe that this type of reading material somehow prevents "real" reading. (31)\_\_\_\_\_, many quality graphic novels are now being seen as a method of storytelling on the same level as novels, films or audiobooks. Many librarians and teachers are now accepting graphic novels as proper literature for children as they (32)\_\_\_\_\_ young people and motivate them to read. This has been especially true with children who are not (33)\_\_\_\_\_ to read, especially boys.

Language learners are also motivated by graphic novels because the pictures provide clues to the meaning of the words. Therefore, they will (34)\_\_\_\_\_ new vocabulary more quickly. Many teachers have reported great success when they used graphic novels with their students, especially in the areas of English, social studies and art. The idea that graphic novels are too simple to be regarded as serious reading is no longer valid. Reading them can, undoubtedly, help students develop the skills (35)\_\_\_\_\_ are necessary to read more challenging works.

(Source: Complete IELTS by Rawdon Wyatt) Question 31. A. Otherwise C. In addition D. Therefore B. However C. attraction Question 32. A. attractively B. attractive D. attract Question 33. A. careful B. active C. willing D. able C. know D. learn Question 34. A. take B. accept Question 35. A. where B. who C. that D. when

## Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 36 to 42.

Most weddings in Japan start with a religious ceremony in which usually only family members attend. Afterwards, a banquet is customarily held to which many people, including friends and colleagues, are invited. To celebrate the happy occasion, guests give the bride and groom *goshuugi* – gift money in special envelopes. *Goshuugi* from friends is usually 20,000 yen or 30,000 yen.

A typical Japanese wedding party starts when the bride and groom enter the banquet hall together, and take their seats on a slightly raised platform facing their guests. Invited guests are seated closer to the bride and groom, with family and relatives seated further in back. The bride's and groom's bosses usually give congratulatory speeches then their friends sing in celebration. Other wedding highlights include a candle ceremony where the couple holds a candle while greeting their guests at each table, and the cutting of the wedding cake. Afterwards, the bride and groom thank their parents with a speech, then leave to end the party.

In the past, dishes that supposedly brought good **fortune**, such as prawns and sea breams, were served in abundance. So much of the food was ordered that guests ended up taking the surplus home. Today, the majority of the weddings serve just enough for everyone. Additionally, before leaving, guests would traditionally receive souvenir gifts called *hikidemono*.

Many wedding ceremonies take place at wedding halls or hotels. Rough estimates show that it costs about 3 million yen to host a wedding party for 80 guests. During Japan's economic bubble, overseas weddings and flamboyant receptions with special effects, such as smoke machines and having the bride and groom fly in on gondolas, were very popular. But these days, couples choose to **tie the knot** in various ways, from not having any ceremony to having a modest affair, or still going all out.

(Source: http://www.hiraganatimes.com)

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Question 36. What is the	ne main idea of this passag	ge?		
A. Dishes served at Ja	apan's wedding parties in	the past		
B. Wedding ceremon	ies in Japan's economic bu	abble		
C. Popular wedding	gifts in Japan			
D. Wedding ceremon	ies in Japan			
Question 37. Accordin	g to the passage, goshuugi	i is		
A. a kind of gift	B. a happy occasion	C. a type of food	D. an impor	rtant guest
Question 38. The word	"their" in paragraph 2 re	fers to		
A. the relatives'	B. the friends'	C. the couple's	D. the parer	nts'
Question 39. Accordin	g to paragraph 2, which o	f the following do the l	oride and groom	do at their
wedding party?				
A. They hold a candl	e and sing in celebration.			
B. They give a speec	h to thank their bosses.			
C. They deliver a spe	ech to thank their parents.	ense og et f		
D. They sit on a platf	form at the back of the stage	ge.		
Question 40. The word	l "fortune" in paragraph 3	is closest in meaning t	0	
A. money	B. benefit	C. excitement	D. luck	
Question 41. How wer	e the wedding dishes in th	e past different from th	ose of today?	
A. They were served in larger amounts.  B. They were less delicious.				
C. They were more delicious.		<b>D</b> . They were served in smaller amounts.		

Question 42. The phrase "tie the knot" in paragraph 4 could be best replaced by \_\_\_\_\_

A. get married

B. loosen the tie

C. get engaged

D. fasten the rope

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 43 to 50.

Humans are bringing about another global-scale change in the atmosphere: the increase in what are called greenhouse gases. Like glass in a greenhouse, these gases admit the Sun's light but tend to reflect back downward the heat that is radiated from the ground below, trapping heat in the Earth's atmosphere. This process is known as the greenhouse effect. Carbon dioxide is the most significant of these gases – there is 25 percent more carbon dioxide in the atmosphere today than there was a century ago, the result of our burning coal and fuels derived from oil. Methane, nitrous oxide, and CFCs are greenhouse gases as well.

Scientists predict that increases in these gases in the atmosphere will make the Earth a warmer place. **They** expect a global rise in average temperature somewhere between 1.0 and 3.5 degrees Celsius in the next century. Average temperatures have in fact been rising and the years from 1987 to 1997 were the warmest years on record. Some scientists are reluctant to say that global warming has actually begun because climate naturally varies from year to year and decade to decade, and it takes many years of records to be sure of a fundamental change. There is little disagreement, though, that global warming is **looming**.

Global warming will have different effects in different regions. A warmed world is expected to have more extreme weather, with more rain during wet periods, longer droughts, and more powerful storms. Although the effects of future climate changes are unknown, some predict that exaggerated weather conditions may translate into better agricultural yields in areas such as the western United States, where temperature and rainfall are expected to increase, while dramatic decreases in rainfall may lead to severe droughts and **plunging** agricultural yields in parts of Africa, for example.

Warmer temperatures are expected to partially melt the polar ice caps, leading to a projected sea level rise of 50 centimeters by the year 2050. A sea level rise of this magnitude would flood coastal cities, force people to abandon low-lying islands, and completely inundate coastal wetlands. Diseases like malaria, which at present are primarily found in the tropics, may become more common in the regions of the globe between the tropics and the polar regions, called the temperate zones. For many of the world's plant species, and for animal species that are not easily able to shift their territories as their habitat grows warmer, climate change may bring extinction.

(Source: Microsoft ® Encarta ® 2009. © 1993-2008 Microsoft Corporation)

Question 43. Which of the following could be the best title of the passage?

- A. Global Warming: Possible Causes and Effects
- B. Global Warming: Advantages and Disadvantages
- C. Global Warming: Problems and Solutions
- D. Global Warming: Future Reactions

Question 44. According to paragraph 1, which of the following factors causes an increase in greenhouse gases?

A. Humans

B. Glass in a greenhouse

C. Carbon dioxide

D. Solar radiation

Question 45. The W	ord "Iney" in paragraph 2 i	eiers to		
A. gases	B. scientists	C. increases	D. temperatures	
Question 46. The w	ord "looming" in paragraph	2 probably means		
A. appearing	<b>B</b> . showing	C. fading	D. ending	
Question 47. Accord	ding to the passage, which o	of the following is NOT to	rue?	
A. Global climate	naturally changes over time			
B. Some scientists	are not sure that global was	rming has begun.		
C. Changes in clin	nate are not easy to be docu	mented.		
D. Few scientists	agree that global warming is	s looming.		
Question 48. The word "plunging" in paragraph 3 probably means				
A. preventing	B. decreasing	C. improving	D. increasing	
Question 49. What n	nay be the benefit of exaggera	ated weather conditions for	r the western United States?	
A. Decrease in rainfall during wet periods		B. Higher agricultura	B. Higher agricultural production	
C. Minimal natural disasters		D. Favourable weath	D. Favourable weather conditions	
Question 50. Which of the following best describes the tone of the passage?				
A. Ironic	B. Informative	C. Argumentative	D. Sarcastic	
THE END				